

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Creation Date 20-January-2010 Revision Date 25-April-2019 **Revision Number** 5

1. Identification

Product Name Chloroform, stabilized with ethanol

Cat No.: AC158210000; AC158210010; AC158210025; AC158210050;

AC158210100; AC158210250

CAS-No

Synonyms Formyl trichloride; Methane trichloride; Methenyl trichloride

Laboratory chemicals. **Recommended Use**

Uses advised against

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Importer/Distributor Manufacturer **Acros Organics** Fisher Scientific Fisher Scientific One Reagent Lane One Reagent Lane 112 Colonnade Road, Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Ottawa, ON K2E 7L6, Tel: (201) 796-7100 Canada

Tel: 1-800-234-7437

Emergency Telephone Number

For information **US** call: 001-800-ACROS-01 / Europe call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number US:001-201-796-7100 / Europe: +32 14 57 52 99 CHEMTREC Tel. No.US:001-800-424-9300 / Europe:001-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

WHMIS 2015 Classification Classified as hazardous under the Hazardous Products Regulations (SOR/2015-17)

Acute oral toxicity Category 4 Acute Inhalation Toxicity Category 3 Category 2 Skin Corrosion/irritation Category 2 Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2 Carcinogenicity Reproductive Toxicity Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3 Target Organs - Respiratory system, Central nervous system (CNS).

Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure) Category 2

Target Organs - Heart, Liver, Kidney, Blood.

Label Elements

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

Harmful if swallowed

Toxic if inhaled

Causes skin irritation

Causes serious eye irritation

May cause respiratory irritation

May cause drowsiness and dizziness

Suspected of causing cancer

Suspected of damaging the unborn child

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Do not breathe dust/fumes/gas/mist/vapours/spray

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Rinse mouth

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention

Take off contaminated clothing

Storage

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Disposa

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Other Hazards

Light sensitive

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
Chloroform	67-66-3	>99
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	<0.8

4. First-aid measures

General Advice

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Immediate medical attention is

required.

Eye Contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. In

the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical

advice.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

Inhalation Move to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Do not use mouth-to-mouth

method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately.

Most important symptoms/effects . Symptoms of overexposure are dizziness, headache, tiredness, nausea,

unconsciousness, cessation of breathing: May cause decreases in blood pressure and

other cardiac effects: Symptoms may be delayed

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media Substance is nonflammable; use agent most appropriate to extinguish surrounding fire.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media No information available

Flash Point No information available Method - No information available

Autoignition Temperature

Explosion Limits

No information available

Upper No data available
Lower No data available
Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available
Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Non-combustible, substance itself does not burn but may decompose upon heating to produce corrosive and/or toxic fumes.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Carbon monoxide (CO) Carbon dioxide (CO2) Hydrogen chloride gas phosgene

Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

NFPA

HealthFlammabilityInstabilityPhysical hazards211N/A

6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment. Keep people away from

and upwind of spill/leak. Evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Environmental Precautions Should not be released into the environment.

Methods for Containment and Clean Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. **Up**

7. Handling and storage

Handling Wear personal protective equipment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Use only

under a chemical fume hood. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Do not ingest.

Storage

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from direct sunlight. Store under an inert atmosphere. Protect from moisture.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

Component	Alberta	British Columbia	Ontario TWAEV	Quebec	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Chloroform	TWA: 10 ppm TWA: 49 mg/m ³	TWA: 2 ppm	TWA: 10 ppm	TWA: 5 ppm TWA: 24.4 mg/m ³	TWA: 10 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 2 ppm (Vacated) TWA: 9.78 mg/m³ Ceiling: 50 ppm Ceiling: 240 mg/m³	mg/m³
Ethyl alcohol	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 1880 mg/m ³	STEL: 1000 ppm	STEL: 1000 ppm	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 1880 mg/m ³	STEL: 1000 ppm	(Vacated) TWA: 1000 ppm (Vacated) TWA: 1900 mg/m³ TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 1900 mg/m³	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 1900 mg/m ³

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH IDLH: The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Engineering Measures

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection Goggles

Hand Protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Glo	ove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	Glove comments
	Viton (R)	> 480 minutes	0.30 mm	As tested under EN374-3
				Determination of Resistance to
				Permeation by Chemicals

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly **Recommended Filter type:** low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to EN371

When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls

Prevent product from entering drains.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid Appearance Colorless

Odor aromatic Slight sweet
Odor Threshold No information available
PH No information available

Melting Point/Range-63 °C / -81.4 °FBoiling Point/Range61 °C / 141.8 142.7 °FFlash PointNo information availableEvaporation Rate11.6 (Butyl Acetate = 1.0)

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable

Flammability or explosive limits

Upper
LowerNo data available
No data availableVapor Pressure213 mbar @ 20 °CVapor Density4.12 (Air = 1.0)

Specific Gravity 1.480 Solubility Slightl

Solubility Slightly soluble in water Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water No data available

Autoignition Temperature

Decomposition Temperature

Viscosity

No information available
No information available
0.56 mPa.s @ 20 °C

Molecular FormulaC H Cl3Molecular Weight119.38

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive HazardNone known, based on information available

Stability Stable under normal conditions. Unstable upon depletion of inhibitor. Light sensitive.

Conditions to Avoid Incompatible products. Heat, flames and sparks. Excess heat. Exposure to light. Protect

from moisture.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents, Alkali metals, Aluminium, Acetone

Hazardous Decomposition Products Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), Hydrogen chloride gas, phosgene

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Hazardous Reactions None under normal processing.

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

Component Information

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Chloroform	LD50 = 695 mg/kg (Rat) LD50 = 450 mg/kg (Rat)	LD50 > 20 g/kg(Rabbit)	47,702 mg/L(Rat)4 h

Ethyl alcohol 3450 mg/kg (Mouse) Not listed 20000 ppm/10H (Rat)

Toxicologically Synergistic

Products

Carcinogenicity

No information available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritating to eyes and skin Irritation Sensitization No information available

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen. Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect. Ethanol has been shown to be carcinogenic in

long-term studies only when consumed and abused as an alcoholic beverage.

Component	CAS-No	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico
Chloroform	67-66-3	Group 2B	Reasonably Anticipated	A3	Х	A3
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	Group 1	Known	A3	X	A3

IARC: (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

NTP: (National Toxicity Program)

IARC: (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 1 - Carcinogenic to Humans

Group 2A - Probably Carcinogenic to Humans Group 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans

NTP: (National Toxicity Program)

Known - Known Carcinogen

Reasonably Anticipated - Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human

Carcinogen

ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial

Mexico - Occupational Exposure Limits - Carcinogens

Hygienists)

A1 - Known Human Carcinogen A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen

A3 - Animal Carcinogen

ACGIH: (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

Mexico - Occupational Exposure Limits - Carcinogens

A1 - Confirmed Human Carcinogen A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen

A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen A5 - Not Suspected as a Human Carcinogen

Mutagenic Effects No information available

Reproductive Effects Suspect reproductive hazard - contains material which may injure unborn child.

No information available. **Developmental Effects Teratogenicity** No information available.

Respiratory system Central nervous system (CNS) STOT - single exposure

Heart Liver Kidney Blood STOT - repeated exposure

Aspiration hazard No information available

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Symptoms of overexposure are dizziness, headache, tiredness, nausea, unconsciousness. cessation of breathing: May cause decreases in blood pressure and other cardiac effects:

Symptoms may be delayed

Endocrine Disruptor Information No information available

Other Adverse Effects Tumorigenic effects have been reported in experimental animals. See actual entry in

RTECS for complete information.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Do not empty into drains. Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment.

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Chloroform	EC50 = 560 mg/L/48h	LC50: = 300 mg/L, 96h static (Poecilia reticulata) LC50: = 18 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: = 18 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: = 71 mg/L, 96h flow-through (Pimephales promelas)	phosphoreum: EC50 = 520 mg/L/5 min Photobacterium phosphoreum: EC50 = 670 mg/L/15 min	EC50 = 28.9 mg/L/48h
Ethyl alcohol	EC50 (72h) = 275 mg/l (Chlorella vulgaris)	LC50 = 14200 mg/l/96h	Photobacterium phosphoreum:EC50 = 34634 mg/L/30 min Photobacterium phosphoreum:EC50 = 35470 mg/L/5 min	EC50 = 9268 mg/L/48h EC50 = 10800 mg/L/24h

Persistence and Degradability

Persistence is unlikely based on information available.

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation

No information available.

Mobility

Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility.

Component	log Pow
Chloroform	2
Ethyl alcohol	-0.32

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

Component	RCRA - U Series Wastes	RCRA - P Series Wastes
Chloroform - 67-66-3	U044	-

14. Transport information

DOT

<u>U</u>N-No UN1888

Proper Shipping Name CHLOROFORM

Hazard Class 6.1 Packing Group III

TDG

UN-No UN1888

Proper Shipping Name CHLOROFORM

Hazard Class 6.1
Packing Group

<u>IATA</u>

UN-No UN1888

Proper Shipping Name CHLOROFORM

Hazard Class 6.1 Packing Group III

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1888

Proper Shipping Name CHLOROFORM

Hazard Class 6.1
Packing Group III

15. Regulatory information

International Inventories

Component	DSL	NDSL	TSCA	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	PICCS	ENCS	AICS	IECSC	KECL
Chloroform	Х	-	Χ	200-663-8	-		Х	Χ	Χ	Х	Х
Ethyl alcohol	Х	1	Х	200-578-6	1		Х	Х	Х	Х	KE-1321 7

Canada

SDS in compliance with provisions of information as set out in Canadian Standard - Part 4, Schedule 1 and 2 of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and meets the requirements of the HPR (Paragraph 13(1)(a) of the Hazardous Products Act (HPA)).

Component	Canada - National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI)	Canadian Environmental Protection Agency (CEPA) - List of Toxic Substances	Canada's Chemicals Management Plan (CEPA)
Chloroform	Part 1, Group A Substance Part 4 Substance		
Ethyl alcohol	Part 5, Individual Substances Part 4 Substance		

4.0	A41	• •	4.5
16.	Utner	informat	tion

Prepared By Regulatory Affairs

Thermo Fisher Scientific

Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

Creation Date20-January-2010Revision Date25-April-2019Print Date25-April-2019

Revision Summary

This document has been updated to comply with the requirements of WHMIS 2015 to align

with the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) for the Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

End of SDS
